

# Ganeti customisation using hooks

Documents ganeti version 1.2

## 1. Introduction

In order to allow customisation of operations, ganeti will run scripts under `/etc/ganeti/hooks` based on certain rules.

This is similar to the `/etc/network/` structure present in Debian for network interface handling.

## 2. Organisation

For every operation, two sets of scripts are run:

- pre phase (for authorization/checking)
- post phase (for logging)

Also, for each operation, the scripts are run on one or more nodes, depending on the operation type.

Note that, even though we call them scripts, we are actually talking about any executable.

### 2.1. *pre* scripts

The *pre* scripts have a definite target: to check that the operation is allowed given the site-specific constraints. You could have, for example, a rule that says every new instance is required to exist in a database; to implement this, you could write a script that checks the new instance parameters against your database.

The objective of these scripts should be their return code (zero or non-zero for success and failure). However, if they modify the environment in any way, they should be idempotent, as failed executions could be restarted and thus the script(s) run again with exactly the same parameters.

Note that if a node is unreachable at the time a hook is run, this will not be interpreted as a deny for the execution. In other words, only an actual error returned from a script will cause abort, and not an unreachable node.

Therefore, if you want to guarantee that a hook script is run and denies an action, it's best to put it on the master node.

## **2.2. *post* scripts**

These scripts should do whatever you need as a reaction to the completion of an operation. Their return code is not checked (but logged), and they should not depend on the fact that the *pre* scripts have been run.

## **2.3. Naming**

The allowed names for the scripts consist of (similar to `run-parts(8)`) upper and lower case, digits, underscores and hyphens. In other words, the regexp `^[a-zA-Z0-9_-]+$`. Also, non-executable scripts will be ignored.

## **2.4. Order of execution**

On a single node, the scripts in a directory are run in lexicographic order (more exactly, the python string comparison order). It is advisable to implement the usual *NN-name* convention where *NN* is a two digit number.

For an operation whose hooks are run on multiple nodes, there is no specific ordering of nodes with regard to hooks execution; you should assume that the scripts are run in parallel on the target nodes (keeping on each node the above specified ordering). If you need any kind of inter-node synchronisation, you have to implement it yourself in the scripts.

## **2.5. Execution environment**

The scripts will be run as follows:

- no command line arguments
- no controlling tty
- `stdin` is actually `/dev/null`
- `stdout` and `stderr` are directed to files
- the `PATH` is reset to `/sbin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin`
- the environment is cleared, and only ganeti-specific variables will be left

All informations about the cluster is passed using environment variables. Different operations will have slightly different environments, but most of the variables are common.

## 2.6. Operation list

Table 1. Operation list

Operation ID	Directory prefix	Description	Command	Supported env. variables	pre hooks	post hooks
OP_INIT_CLUSTER	cluster-init	Initialises the cluster	gnt-cluster init	CLUSTER, MASTER	master node, cluster name	
OP_MASTER_FAILOVER	master-failover	Changes the master	gnt-cluster master-failover	OLD_MASTER, NEW_MASTER	the new master	all nodes
OP_ADD_NODE	node-add	Adds a new node to the cluster	gnt-node add	NODE_NAME, NODE_PIP, NODE_SIP	all existing nodes	all existing nodes plus the new node
OP_REMOVE_NODE	node-remove	Removes a node from the cluster	gnt-node remove	NODE_NAME	all existing nodes except the removed node	
OP_INSTANCE_ADD	instance-add	Creates a new instance	gnt-instance add	INSTANCE_NAME, INSTANCE_PRIMARY, INSTANCE_SECONDARIES, DISK_TEMPLATE, MEM_SIZE, DISK_SIZE, SWAP_SIZE, VCPUS, INSTANCE_IP, INSTANCE_ADD_MODE, SRC_NODE, SRC_PATH, SRC_IMAGE	master node, primary and secondary nodes	
OP_BACKUP_EXPORT	instance-export	Export the instance	gnt-backup export	INSTANCE_NAME, EXPORT_NODE, EXPORT_DO_SHUTDOWN		
OP_INSTANCE_START	instance-start	Starts an instance	gnt-instance start	INSTANCE_NAME, INSTANCE_PRIMARY, INSTANCE_SECONDARIES, FORCE		

Operation ID	Directory prefix	Description	Command	Supported env. variables	pre hooks	post hooks
OP_INSTANCE_SHUTDOWN	Environments	Stop an instance	gnt-instance shutdown	INSTANCE_NAME, INSTANCE_PRIMARY, INSTANCE_SECONDARIES		
OP_INSTANCE_MODIFY	Environments	Modifies the instance parameters.	gnt-instance modify	INSTANCE_NAME, MEM_SIZE, VCPUS, INSTANCE_IP		
OP_INSTANCE_FAILOVER	Environments	Failover an instance	gnt-instance start	INSTANCE_NAME, INSTANCE_PRIMARY, INSTANCE_SECONDARIES, IGNORE_CONSISTENCY		
OP_INSTANCE_REMOVE	Environments	Remove an instance	gnt-instance remove	INSTANCE_NAME, INSTANCE_PRIMARY, INSTANCE_SECONDARIES	master node	
OP_INSTANCE_ADD_MIRROR	Instances	Add a mirror component	gnt-instance add-mirror	INSTANCE_NAME, NEW_SECONDARY, DISK_NAME		
OP_INSTANCE_REMOVE_MIRROR	Instances	Remove a mirror component	gnt-instance remove-mirror	INSTANCE_NAME, OLD_SECONDARY, DISK_NAME, DISK_ID		
OP_INSTANCE_REPLACE_DISKS	Instances	Replace all mirror components	gnt-instance replace-disks	INSTANCE_NAME, OLD_SECONDARY, NEW_SECONDARY		
OP_CLUSTER_VERIFY	Cluster	Verifies the cluster status	gnt-cluster verify	CLUSTER, MASTER	NONE	all nodes

## 2.7. Environment variables

Note that all variables listed here are actually prefixed with `GANETI_` in order to provide a different namespace.

### **2.7.1. Common variables**

This is the list of environment variables supported by all operations:

#### **HOOKS\_VERSION**

Documents the hooks interface version. In case this doesn't match what the script expects, it should not run. The document conforms to the version 1.

#### **HOOKS\_PHASE**

one of `PRE` or `POST` denoting which phase are we in.

#### **CLUSTER**

the cluster name

#### **MASTER**

the master node

#### **OP\_ID**

one of the `OP_*` values from the table of operations

#### **OBJECT\_TYPE**

one of `INSTANCE`, `NODE`, `CLUSTER`, showing the target of the operation.

### **2.7.2. Specialised variables**

This is the list of variables which are specific to one or more operations.

#### **INSTANCE\_NAME**

The name of the instance which is the target of the operation.

#### **INSTANCE\_DISK\_TYPE**

The disk type for the instance.

#### **INSTANCE\_DISK\_SIZE**

The (OS) disk size for the instance.

#### **INSTANCE\_OS**

The name of the instance OS.

#### **INSTANCE\_PRIMARY**

The name of the node which is the primary for the instance.

INSTANCE\_SECONDARIES

Space-separated list of secondary nodes for the instance.

NODE\_NAME

The target node of this operation (not the node on which the hook runs).

NODE\_PIP

The primary IP of the target node (the one over which inter-node communication is done).

NODE\_SIP

The secondary IP of the target node (the one over which drbd replication is done). This can be equal to the primary ip, in case the cluster is not dual-homed.

OLD\_MASTER

NEW\_MASTER

The old, respectively the new master for the master failover operation.

FORCE

This is provided by some operations when the user gave this flag.

IGNORE\_CONSISTENCY

The user has specified this flag. It is used when failing over instances in case the primary node is down.

MEM\_SIZE, DISK\_SIZE, SWAP\_SIZE, VCPUS

The memory, disk, swap size and the number of processor selected for the instance (in **gnt-instance add** or **gnt-instance modify**).

INSTANCE\_IP

If defined, the instance IP in the **gnt-instance add** and **gnt-instance set** commands. If not defined, it means that no IP has been defined.

DISK\_TEMPLATE

The disk template type when creating the instance.

INSTANCE\_ADD\_MODE

The mode of the create: either `create` for create from scratch or `import` for restoring from an exported image.

SRC\_NODE, SRC\_PATH, SRC\_IMAGE

In case the instance has been added by import, these variables are defined and point to the source node, source path (the directory containing the image and the config file) and the source disk image file.

DISK\_NAME

The disk name (either `sda` or `sdb`) in mirror operations (add/remove mirror).

#### DISK\_ID

The disk id for mirror remove operations. You can look this up using **gnt-instance info**.

#### NEW\_SECONDARY

The name of the node on which the new mirror component is being added. This can be the name of the current secondary, if the new mirror is on the same secondary.

#### OLD\_SECONDARY

The name of the old secondary. This is used in both **replace-disks** and **remove-mirror**. Note that this can be equal to the new secondary (only **replace-disks** has both variables) if the secondary node hasn't actually changed).

#### EXPORT\_NODE

The node on which the exported image of the instance was done.

#### EXPORT\_DO\_SHUTDOWN

This variable tells if the instance has been shutdown or not while doing the export. In the "was shutdown" case, it's likely that the filesystem is consistent, whereas in the "did not shutdown" case, the filesystem would need a check (journal replay or full fsck) in order to guarantee consistency.